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APPLICATION NO.	. I	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/086,470 02/28		02/28/2002	Jin Hui Ou-Yang	K35A1022	2356	
26332	7590	09/12/2003				
		AL CORP.	EXAMINER			
20511 LAKE FOREST DRIVE C205 - INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DEPARTMENT LAKE FOREST, CA 92630				DAVIS, DAVID DONALD		
LAKE FOR	CEST, CA	92030		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				2652	$\overline{}$	
				DATE MAILED: 09/12/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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, ,	Application No.	Applicant(s)	Y				
	10/086,470	OU-YANG ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	_				
	David D. Davis	2652					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
, — , — , — , — , — , — , — , — , — , —	is action is non-final.						
 Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under I Disposition of Claims 							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are rejected.	_						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examiner	:						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accep	ted or b)⊡ objected to by the Exa	miner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	- · ·	' '					
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on	,— ,, — ,— ,,	ved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	•						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	• •						
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bur * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of 	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	_					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	•						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language prov 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 1/2.	5) Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)					
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DETAILED ACTION

Information Disclosure Statement

1. Receipt is acknowledged of the Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) received February 28, 2002.

Specification

2. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1, 2 and 5-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Wood et al (US 5,907,453). Wood et al shows in figure 1 a shroud assembly for a disk drive 100 that includes a rotatable disk 104; a printed circuit board; a data transfer head 110; an actuator assembly 114 that positions the data transfer head 110 with respect to the rotatable disk 104; and a flex cable 132 that interconnects the actuator assembly 114 and the printed circuit board 131. Also shown in figure 1 is the flex cable 132 has a first end 134 connected to the actuator assembly 114 and a second end connected to bracket 136 connectable to the printed circuit board. The shroud assembly includes a disk shrouding portion 138; a cable mounting portion

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136, as shown in figure 1 including a first surface and a second surface. The first surface configured to receive a transition portion of the flex cable 132 proximate to the second end. The second surface configured to receive the second end of the flex cable 132 and to position the second end for engagement by the printed circuit board 13. A cable shrouding portion, which is apart of mounting portion 136, is configured to shield a spanning portion of the flex cable 132 between the cable mounting portion and the actuator assembly 114 from airflow generated by the rotation of the rotatable disk 104. See also column 5, lines 20-24 of Wood et al.

The shroud assembly of Wood et al with the disk shrouding portion 138, the cable mounting portion 136, and the cable shrouding portion are integrally formed. *Note: with respect to the term" integrally" or integral the disk shrouding, the cable mounting and the cable shrouding portions are considered integral because the term integral is not necessarily restricted to a one-piece or unitary article. In re KOHNO, 157 USPQ 275 (CCPA 1968).*

Also note: with respect to the term "formed" of "integrally formed", the claims are directed to a shroud assembly, per se, the method limitations "integrally formed" has only been accorded weight to the extent that it affects the structure of the completed shroud assembly.

Note that "[d] etermination of patentability in 'product-by-process' claims is based on product itself, even though such claims are limited and defined by process [i.e., "integrally formed"], and thus product in such claim is unpatentable if it is the same as, or obvious form, product of prior art, even if prior product was made by a different process", In re Thorpe, et al., 227 USPQ 964 (CAFC 1985). Furthermore, note that a "[p]roduct-by-process claim, although reciting subject matter of claim in terms of how it is made [i.e., "integrally formed"] is still product claim; it is patentability of product claimed and not recited process steps that must be

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established, in spite of fact that claim may recite only process limitations", In re Hirao and Sato, 190 USPQ 685 (CCPA 1976).

Figure 1 of Wood et al also shows an arm shrouding portion 140 "integrally formed" with the cable shrouding portion, the arm shrouding portion 140 is configured to shield an actuator arm from airflow generated by the rotation of the rotatable disk 104. The cable shrouding portion, which is apart of mounting portion 136, forms an arc having an inside surface. The inside surface located on a side of the shroud assembly is opposite the cable mounting portion 136 face generally the same direction. In addition, the first surface of the cable mounting portion 136 is generally perpendicular to the second surface of the cable mounting portion 136.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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7. Claims 3 and 4 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wood et al (US 5,907,453). Wood et al shows the shroud assembly, as described, supra. However, Wood et al is silent as to the shroud assembly having the cable shrouding portion including a distal end, a mounted end; a first edge proximate the cable mounting portion; a second edge opposite the first edge; a length being the distance between the distal end and the mounted end; and a width being the distance between the first edge and the second edge with the length being about two times the width. Wood et al is also silent as to the shroud assembly being the cable shrouding portion that is about as long as the disk shrouding portion.

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to specify relative dimensions of the shroud assembly of Wood et al. The rationale is as follows: one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have been motivated to specify relative dimension of a shroud assembly, which is well within the purview of a skilled artisan and absent an unobvious result, so as to optimize the air flow by "enhancing the convective cooling of the coil of a disk drive voice coil motor so as to improve the operation performance of the disk drive." See column 1, lines 7-11 of Wood et al.

Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David D. Davis whose telephone number is (703) 308-1503. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon., Tues., Thurs. and Fri. between 7:30-6:00. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9314.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900. Any other inquiry should be directed to the customer service center whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

David D. Davis
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2652

ddd

September 3, 2003